Abstract Title: Can Neighbourhood Clinics Deliver? Causal Evidence from Delhi's Mohalla Clinics on Maternal and Child Health Outcomes

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Our study provides the first causal evidence of the impact of Delhi's Mohalla Clinics on maternal and child health outcomes using a difference-in-differences framework and nationally representative NFHS-4 and NFHS-5 data. We find significant improvements in healthcare availability, through reductions in the absence of healthcare providers and medications. The program reduces both ancillary and overall out-of-pocket costs during childbirth, making it more affordable. Access to healthcare improved through extended days of iron supplementation during pregnancy, and a greater probability of newborns receiving postnatal health checks. In addition, we observe improvements in health outcomes, such as a higher prevalence of breastfeeding and increased coverage of immunization in all key vaccines. Event study analysis supports these findings.