

How Much Should We Spend to Reduce A.I.'s Existential Risk?

Chad Jones
Stanford GSB

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Amazing progress in A.I.

- OpenAI's Deep Research, o3, Anthropic, Deepmind
  - Coding, math, browsing the internet to write reports
  - Protein folding, understanding DNA, new materials
- Scaling compute + algorithms $= \sim$10x each year
- Huge, exciting opportunities
- But also potentially large risks...
  - Highlighted by many experts (Hinton, Hassabis, Altman, Amodei, etc.)

Can we use economic analysis to think about the serious risks?

Two Versions of Existential Risk

- Bad actors:
  - Could use Claude/GPT-6 to cause harm
  - E.g. design a Covid virus that is 10x more lethal and takes 3 weeks for symptoms
  - Nuclear weapons mangeable because so rare; if every person had them...
- Alien intelligence:
  - How would we react to a spaceship near Jupiter on the way to Earth?
  - “How do we have power over entities more powerful than us, forever?” (Stuart Russell)

Outline

- Quick review of “The A.I. Dilemma” (2024 *AERI*)
- How much should we spend to reduce existential risk?
  - Covid-19 example
  - Using VSL (value of a statistical life) numbers
  - Model and calibration
  - Monte Carlo simulations to incorporate uncertainty regarding risk and effectiveness of mitigation

Even a selfish perspective suggests we are underinvesting in A.I. safety

Related Literature

- A.I. and Growth
  - Brynjolfsson and McAfee (2014), Aghion, Jones, and Jones (2019), Korinek and Trammell (2020), Nordhaus (2021), Growiec and Prettner (2025)
  - Brynjolfsson, Korinek, and Agrawal (2024)
- Costs of A.I.?
  - Acemoglu and Restrepo (2022), Autor, Thompson, and Ong (2024)
  - Jones (2016), Aschenbrenner (2024), Aschenbrenner and Trammell (2024)
- Catastrophic risks
  - Posner (2004), Matheny (2007), Ord (2020), MacAskill (2022), Shulman and Thornley (2025), Nielsen (2024)

A Thought Experiment (Jones, 2024 AERI)

- AGI more important than electricity, but more dangerous than nuclear weapons?
- The Oppenheimer Question:
  - If nothing goes wrong, AGI accelerates growth to 10% per year
  - But a one-time small chance that A.I. kills everyone
  - Develop or not? What risk are you willing to take: 1%? 10%?

What does standard economic analysis imply?

Findings:

- Log utility: Willing to take a 33% risk!

  (Maybe entrepreneurs are not very risk averse?)

- More risk averse ($\gamma = 2$ or 3), risk cutoff plummets to 2% or less
  - Diminishing returns to consumption
  - We do not need a 4th flat screen TV or a 3rd iphone.
    Need more years of life to enjoy already high living standards.

- But 10% growth $\Rightarrow$ cure cancer, heart disease
  - Even $\gamma = 3$ willing to take large risks (25%) to cut mortality rates in half
  - Each person dies from cancer or dies from A.I. Just total risk that matters...
  - True even if the social discount rate falls to zero

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  - A.I. risk is at least this large $\Rightarrow$ spend at least this much?
  - Are we massively underinvesting in mitigating this risk?

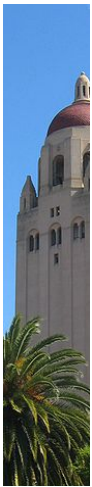
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- Better intuition
  - VSL = $10 million
  - To avoid a mortality risk of 1% $\Rightarrow$ WTP = $1\% \times \$10$ million $= \$100,000$
  - This is more than 100% of a year's per capita GDP
  - Xrisk over two decades $\Rightarrow$ **annual investment of 5% of GDP**
- Large investments worthwhile, even with no value on future generations

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Incomplete so far: how effective is mitigation?



Model

Model

- Setup
  - One-time existential risk at probability $\delta(x)$
  - One-time investment x_t to mitigate the risk ($\delta'(x) < 0$)
  - Exogenous endowment y_t (grows rapidly via A.I.)

- Optimal mitigation:

$$\max_{x_t} u(c_t) + (1 - \delta(x_t))\,\beta\, V_{t+1}$$

$$s.t.\;\; c_t + x_t = y_t$$

$$V_{t+1} = \sum_{\tau=0}^{\infty} \beta^{\tau} u(y_{t+1+\tau}) \qquad \text{(consume } y_t \text{ in future)}$$

Optimal Mitigation

- FOC:

$$u'(c_t) = -\delta'(x_t)\beta V_{t+1}$$

- Let $\eta_{\delta,x} \equiv -\frac{\delta'(x_t)x_t}{\delta(x_t)}$ and $s_t \equiv x_t/y_t$

$$\frac{s_t}{1-s_t} = \underbrace{\eta_{\delta,x}}_{\substack{\text{effectiveness} \\ \text{of spending} \\ > 0.1?}} \times \underbrace{\delta(x_t)}_{\substack{\text{risk to be} \\ \text{mitigated} \\ 0.1\%?}} \times \underbrace{\beta \frac{V_{t+1}}{u'(c_t)\, c_t}}_{\substack{\text{value of} \\ \text{life} \\ > 180}}$$

- Taking the smallest numbers:

$$\frac{s}{1-s} \geq 0.1 \times 0.1\% \times 180 = 1.8\%.$$

Additional considerations

- Future generations
  - So far, we place no value on future generations — selfish perspective
  - Easily included: add welfare of future generations W_F to V_{t+1}
- Other existential risks
  - Framework applied to A.I. but can be used to study other risks
  - Competing risks: nuclear war, asteroid impact — include in β

Functional forms

- Existential risk: $\delta(x) = (1-\phi)\delta_0 + \phi\delta_0 e^{-\alpha N x}$
  - δ_0 is the risk without mitigation
  - ϕ is the share of the risk that can be eliminated by spending
    – with infinite spending, risk falls to $(1-\phi)\delta_0$
  - α is the effectiveness of spending
  - N is the number of people each spending x
- To calibrate α:

$$\alpha N = -T\log(1-\xi) \approx \xi T$$

ξ is the share of the risk that can be eliminated by spending 100% of GDP for one year

T is "time of perils" = years until risk gets realized (period length)

Calibration

$$\delta(x) = (1-\phi)\delta_0 + \phi\delta_0 e^{-\alpha N x}$$

	Parameter	Value	Distribution
Extinction risk, no mitigation	δ_0	1%	Uniform (0%, 2%)
Share that can be eliminated	ϕ	0.5	Uniform (0, 1)
Effectiveness of spending	ξ	0.5	Uniform (0, 0.99)
Value of life	$V_{t+1}/u'(y_t)$	180	Uniform (0.5*180, 1.5*180)
Time of perils (period length)	T	10 years	Uniform (5, 20)
CRRA	θ	2	...
Discount factor	β	0.99^T	...
Value of future generations	W_F	**0**	purely selfish for now

Analytic Results and Intuition

- Using the functional forms:

$$e^{\alpha N x_t} = \underbrace{\alpha N \phi \delta_0}_{\text{effectiveness term}} \cdot \underbrace{\beta \frac{V_{t+1}}{u'(c_t)}}_{\text{value of life (in dollars)}}$$

  Notice that $u'(c_t) = (y_t - x_t)^{-\theta}$, so RHS is decreasing in x.

- Using approximations:

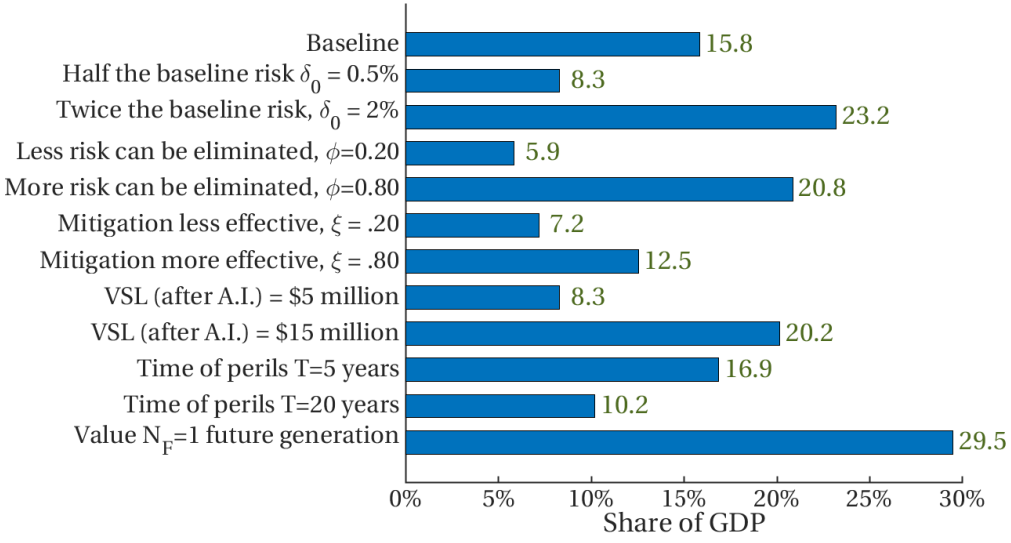
$$s \equiv \frac{x_t}{y_t} \approx \underbrace{\phi \delta_0 \beta \frac{V_{t+1}}{u'(y_t) y_t}}_{\text{WTP = willingness to pay}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{\xi T y_t}}_{\text{effectiveness of mitigation}}$$

Intuition

$$s \equiv \frac{x_t}{y_t} \approx \underbrace{\phi\delta_0\beta\frac{V_{t+1}}{u'(y_t)y_t}}_{\text{WTP = willingness to pay}} \underbrace{-\frac{1}{\xi T y_t}}_{\text{effectiveness of mitigation}}$$

- WTP term (intuition from an early slides using VSL):
  - $T = 10$, so 40 year old has 30 years remaining$\Rightarrow$ VSL term = 120x consumption
  - $\phi = 1/2$ and $\delta_0 = 1\%$
  - WTP is $0.5 \times 1\% \times 120 = 60\%$ of GDP!
- Mitigation term: $\xi = 1/2$, $T = 10$, and $y_t = 1$ subtracts off 20%
- So approximation is $0.60 - 0.20 = 0.40$, suggesting $s = 40\%$ of GDP!
  - Alternative: $\delta_0 = 0.5\% \Rightarrow s = 10\%$ of GDP, very close to correct 8.3%

Optimal Spending to Reduce Existential Risk



When should we not invest in mitigation?

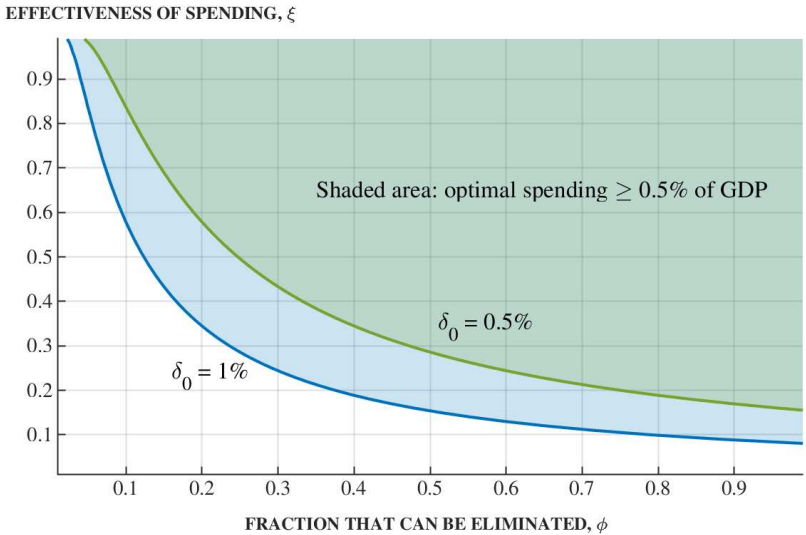
- From FOC: Do not invest if $u'(y_0) > -\delta'(0)\beta V_{t+1}$
- Using functional forms and approximations:

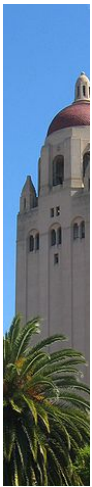
$$1 \;>\; \alpha N \cdot \phi\delta_0\beta\frac{V_{t+1}}{u'(y_0)} \;\approx\; \underbrace{\xi T}_{\substack{\text{effectiveness}\\ \text{of spending}}} \cdot \underbrace{\phi\delta_0\beta\tfrac{V_{t+1}}{u'(y_0)}}_{\substack{\text{WTP}\\ \text{= EV of lives}\\ \text{lost to x-risk}}}$$

$$\implies \xi T \cdot \text{WTP} < 1$$

- $\xi = 1/2$, $T = 10$, and WTP $= 60\%$ of GDP, LHS = 3
  - But ϕ or ξ or $\delta_0 \Rightarrow$ 5x smaller $\Rightarrow$ invest zero (Little risk, or not much can be done)

When is optimal spending $\geq$ 0.5% of GDP?

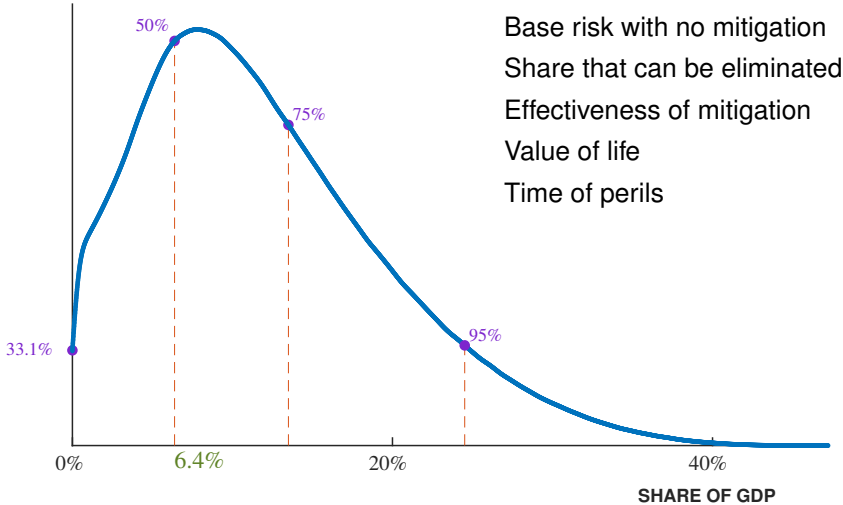




Monte Carlo Results

10 million simulations

Optimal Mitigation: Monte Carlo Simulation

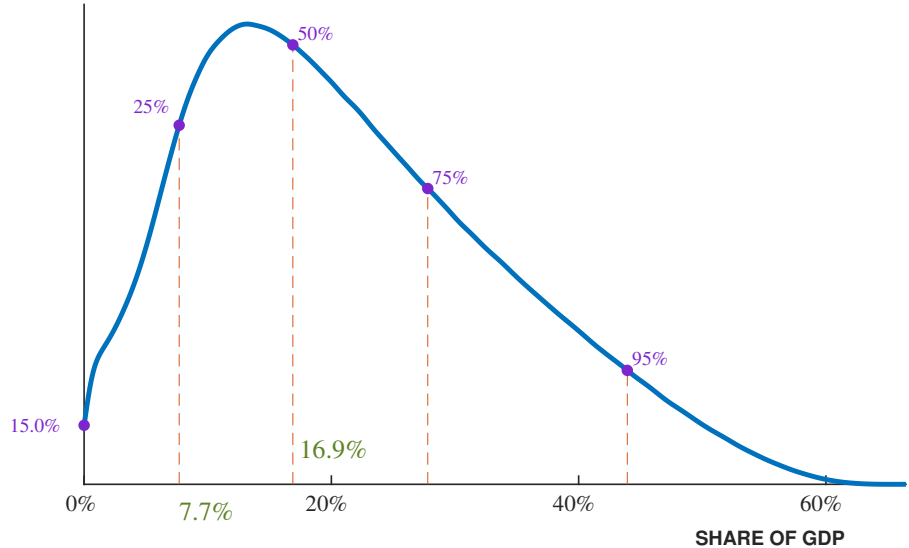


Uniform distributions over:

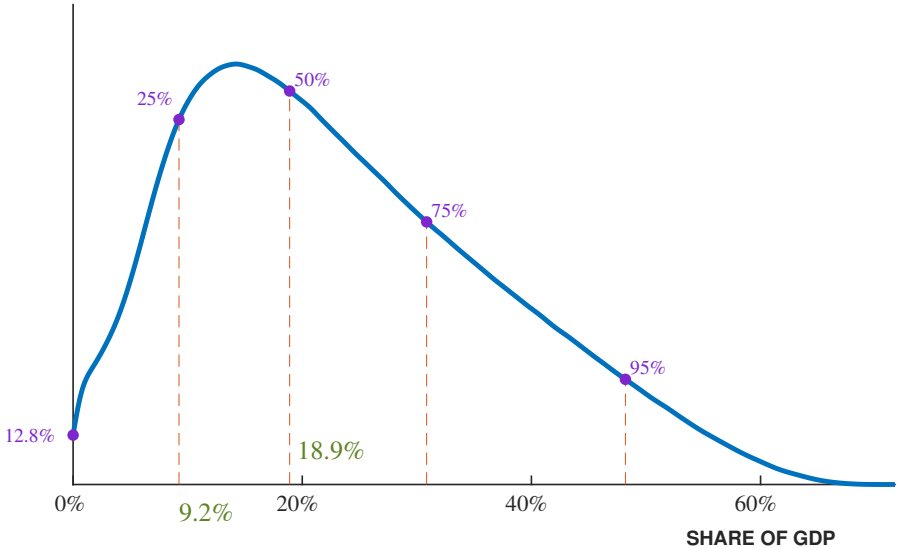
Base risk with no mitigation	0 – 2%
Share that can be eliminated	0 – 100%
Effectiveness of mitigation	0 – 99%
Value of life	\$5m – \$15m
Time of perils	5 – 20 years

Mean = 8%. 65% of runs have $s \geq 1\%$

Modest Altruism toward a Same-Size Future($N_F = 1$)



Higher Potential Risk (δ_0 is `Uniform[0,10%]`)



Summary Statistics for Monte Carlo Simulations

	Selfish baseline ($N_F = 0$) $\delta_0 \sim$ `Uniform[0,2%]`	Modest altruism ($N_F = 1$)	Higher risk ($N_F = 0$) $\delta_0 \sim$ `Uniform[0,10%]`
Optimal share, mean	8.1%	18.4%	20.7%
Fraction with $s_t = 0$	33.1%	15.0%	12.8%
Fraction with $s_t \geq 1\%$	65.1%	84.2%	86.5%

Concluding Questions

- How large is the catastrophic risk from A.I.?
  - How much are we currently spending to mitigate A.I. risk?
  - What evidence is there on the effectiveness of mitigation spending?
- How should we think about A.I. competition and race dynamics?
- How can we get A.I. labs to internalize the x-risk externalities?
  - Should we tax GPUs and use the revenue to fund safety research?